

Issue	Quality dimension	S.No	Measure/ Indicator	Type	Unit / Population	Source / Period	Rationale for Choosing Indicator	Organiza- tion	Current Performance FY 23 (2022-23)	Target (2023-2024)	Target justification	External Collaborators	Planned Improvement Initiatives (Change Ideas)	Methods	Process measures	Target for process measure	Project Lead and Team Members	Comments
Theme - Service Excellence	Patient-centred	1	a. Were you involved as much as you wanted to be in decisions about your care and treatment?	C	% / All inpatients	Post-discharge Phone Call Survey	This indicator is aligned to our strategic direction: Emotional Experience, Community Care - Design care responsive to community, patient and caregiver needs.	BSG	Collecting baseline data	TBD	Target will be determined on the basis of baseline data		#1. Utilize Meditech as a platform to identify patient goals upon admission #2. Establish a process for PCWSEMs identification	- Collaborate with Hunter River Hospital and Professional Practice team to create a new question in Initial Patient Assessment that identifies patient's vital goals upon admission. - Develop a policy on PCWSEMs identification Education and training on the process.	Meditech feature has been added Policy ready for approval within the set timelines	New Meditech feature available to staff	Project Lead: Karimah Aldina	
					% / All inpatients	Pulse Survey		Collecting baseline data	TBD	#3. Introduce and quantify patient care conference with the Medically Complex (MC) patient/family members	Take feedback from patient/family members about their involvement in decisions of care - If of patients for whom the conference was held - % of patients/families feeling satisfied with the inter-professional communication - % of patients/families feeling informed about the plan of care - % of patients/families rating PCC as a valuable platform	-10 per month -80% or more -80% or more -80% or more	Project Lead: Karimah Aldina	Initial data was presented in Quality Committee, quarterly updates will be provided in the committee on an ongoing basis.				
		2	b. Did you receive enough information from hospital staff about what to do if you were worried about your condition or treatment after you left the hospital? <i>large scale corporate project</i>	C	% / All inpatients	Post-discharge Phone Call Survey	This indicator is aligned to our strategic direction: Emotional Experience, Community Care - Design care responsive to community, patient and caregiver needs.	BSG	Collecting baseline data	TBD	Target will be determined on the basis of baseline data		#1 Revision of Patient-Oriented Discharge Summary (PODS) Tool Steps: 1. Process mapping to determine the current process 2. Perform gap analysis 3. Create an action plan to address gaps	Chart Audit for PODS completion	5 charts audits/week/program, as available (MC program will vary due to nature of the program)	Project Lead: Sarah Dicksau and Karimah Aldina Team members: Sandra Dicksau, PCMs, LaVerne Edwards, Maria De Leon, Clinical educator (TBD)		
					% / All inpatients	Pulse Survey		Collecting baseline data	TBD	#2. Pulse survey administration two days prior to the discharge date #3 Post Discharge Phone Call	Survey to include a question - Do you feel you received enough information from hospital staff about what to do if you were worried about your condition or treatment after you left the hospital? Conducting a post-discharge follow-up phone call with standardized questions - 48-72 hours after discharge from the hospital	% of patients/families who provided positive responses to the survey questions % of patients who provided a positive response during the post discharge phone call	10% + baseline (TBD) 10% + baseline (TBD)	Project Lead: Kim Pham/Shakil Ahmad Project Lead: Kim Pham/Shakil Ahmad	Revision/enhancement to existing process; baseline needs to be determined for setting the target Practice currently in place; baseline needs to be determined for setting the target			
					% / All inpatients	Post-discharge Phone Call Survey	Inadequately managed pain can lead to adverse physical and psychological patient outcomes for individual patients and their families. Of particular importance to nursing care, unresolved pain reduces patient mobility, resulting in complications such as deep vein thrombosis, pulmonary embolus, and pneumonia. Posturgical complications related to inadequate pain management negatively affect the patient's welfare and the hospital performance because of extended lengths of stay and readmissions, both of which increase the cost of care.	BSG	Collecting baseline data	TBD	Target will be determined on the basis of baseline data		#1. Understand the current compliance rate (baseline) for initial pain assessment at admission - Initiating Pain Intervention when patients have reported pain #2. Explore the possibility of redesigning the placement of pain assessment and interventions in Meditech, (e.g. consider merging pain assessment in vital sign section) #3. Increase staff awareness and competencies in assessing pain in older adults	Collaborate with HRH and IS teams to create a Meditech report to help provide informed data on compliance of pain assessment on admission and upon patient's reporting of the pain - Collaborate with HRH and IS team to merge initial pain assessment in vital sign section - Introduce standardized/universal pain intervention checklist in Meditech - Conduct Pain Awareness week - Utilize skills days to reinforce pain assessment and management skills - Discuss case studies in unit huddles to integrate pain assessment knowledge in in daily practice - Include "Pain" as one of the areas to discuss during interprofessional rounds	- Staff are able to document pain assessment as per vital sign - Standardized pain intervention checklist introduced - Staff attendance in pain awareness week and in skills day workshops - Participation of staff in case study - Integration of "pain" element in IPR rounds	New Meditech feature available to staff 80% of staff attending the education session -At least 30% of the staff participate in case study completion	Project Lead: Karimah Aldina Project Lead: Sandra Dicksau Team members: Clinical Education Team	
					% / All inpatients	Pulse Survey		Collecting baseline data	TBD	#4 Improve Pain Assessment compliance by providing increased oversight #5. Take real time patient feedback to assess improvement in pain management #6 Promote holistic approach to pain management by introducing non-medication pain management strategies	- PCMs and clinical educators conduct bi-weekly audits of staff compliance with assessing pain as per our standards of care and share the results with the team - PCMs/APNs audit the white-boards (once the new boards are piloted) for pain assessment completion per shift - PCMs/APNs to ask following question during patient rounding "Did the nurse ask you about your pain? And/or Do you feel your pain is well-managed by your healthcare team?" - PCMs/APNs to escalate any pain management concerns to physicians - Revitalize the utilization of TENI machine - Introduce hydrocollators to provide moist heat therapy for pain management	- Audits of pain documentation and management in EMR - Whiteboard audit (once new boards are piloted) to assess if the pain is identified - 60 Patient rounding per month across three program (20/floor) % of patients who had reported pain were provided with TENI and/or hydrocollators for effective pain management	10% + baseline (TBD) 10% + baseline (TBD) 10% + baseline (TBD)	Team Members: PCMs and APNs Team Members: PCMs and APNs Project Lead: LaVerne Edwards	baseline needs to be determined for setting the target baseline needs to be determined for setting the target baseline needs to be determined for setting the target			
	4	a. During this hospital stay, after you pressed the call button, how often did you get the help as soon as you wanted it? <i>large scale corporate project</i>	C	% / All inpatients	Post-discharge Phone Call Survey	This indicator is aligned to our strategic direction: Emotional Experience, Customer Service Mission - Adopt a service-driven approach to enhance patient experiences.	BSG	Collecting baseline data	TBD	Target will be determined on the basis of baseline data		# 1 Identify current baseline for call bell response time by reviewing the number of calls escalated to the managers and CNE # 2 Conduct fishbone exercise: Identify significant contributing factors for the delay in responding to call bell	Collect 3 months data on call bell reports escalated to managers and CNE - Analyze the data to identify trends (e.g. time of the time, day of the week etc.) Present the data to PCMs, Clinical Educators and Front line team to identify root cause analysis	- Call bell data collection and reports generated - Call bell data analyzed Gap analysis conducted and top three factors identified	3 months of pre-implementation data on call bell escalation Fishbone exercise is completed and 20% of issues contributing to the 80% of problems were identified (Pareto Principle)	Project Lead: Karimah Aldina Team member: Sandra Dicksau, all PCMs, LaVerne Edwards, Alex O'Connor for data analysis		
				% / All inpatients	Pulse Survey		Collecting baseline data	TBD	#3 Plan, implement and evaluate strategies to improve call bell response time	- Implement No Pass Zone - Improve Hourly Rounding by introducing "Purposeful Rounding" - Audits on the unit - PSWs, allied health engaged in call bell response - Managers to review any escalations in timely manner - CNE to share monthly data to the clinical team	- No Pass Zone implemented - Purposeful Rounding process implemented - Call bell data reports presented to clinical team	Baseline +10% improvement						